

# Diabetic Delights: 5 Meal Plans to Support Weight Loss for Older Adults

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# Slim Down Smartly

Staying healthy is very important, especially for older adults with diabetes. Choosing the right meal plan can help manage blood sugar levels and aid in weight loss. Here are five great meal plans that can help.

## 5 Best Weight Loss Meal Plans for Older Diabetic Adults

#### 1. Keto Diet

The keto diet is a low-carb, high-fat meal plan. This means you eat fewer carbs and more healthy fats. When your body has fewer carbs, it burns fat for energy instead. This can help lower blood sugar levels. Here are some foods to include:

- Healthy fats: Olive oil, avocados, nuts and seeds.
- Protein: Fish, chicken, eggs and low-fat meats.
- Low-carb vegetables: Leafy greens, broccoli, cauliflower and zucchini.

## Sample Meal

- Breakfast: Scrambled eggs with spinach cooked in olive oil.
- Lunch: Grilled chicken salad with avocado and vinaigrette.
- Dinner: Baked salmon with steamed broccoli.

#### 2. Mediterranean Diet

The Mediterranean diet focuses on whole foods and healthy fats. It includes lots of fruits, vegetables, whole grains and lean proteins. This diet is known for being heart-healthy, which is great for diabetics.

## Foods to Include

- Fruits and vegetables: Berries, oranges, tomatoes and greens.
- Whole grains: Brown rice, quinoa and whole-wheat pasta.
- Healthy fats: Olive oil, nuts and seeds.

#### Sample Meal

- Breakfast: Greek yogurt with fresh fruit and nuts.
- Lunch: Quinoa salad with cucumbers, tomatoes and feta cheese.
- Dinner: Grilled chicken with roasted vegetables.

#### 3. Portion Control Diet

This meal plan focuses on controlling portion sizes. It's important for managing blood sugar and helping with weight loss. You can eat a variety of foods but in smaller amounts.

#### Foods to Include

- Lean proteins: Turkey, chicken and fish.
- Fruits and vegetables: Aim for a variety of colors.
- Whole grains: Limit portions of rice, bread and pasta.

## Sample Meal

- Breakfast: One slice of whole-grain toast with peanut butter.
- Lunch: Half a turkey sandwich with a side salad.
- Dinner: A small piece of fish with a cup of steamed vegetables.

#### 4. Balanced Plate Method

The balanced plate method is simple. It teaches you to fill your plate with a mix of food groups. This helps control blood sugar and provides a range of nutrients.

How to Fill Your Plate

- 50% non-starchy vegetables: Broccoli, carrots and peppers.
- 25% protein: Grilled chicken, fish or beans.
- 25% whole grains: Brown rice, quinoa or whole-grain bread.

## Sample Meal

- Breakfast: Oatmeal topped with fresh berries.
- Lunch: Mixed greens salad with grilled chicken.
- Dinner: Stir-fried vegetables with tofu and brown rice.

## 5. Plant-Based Diet

A plant-based diet focuses on eating more fruits, vegetables, whole grains, nuts and seeds. This diet is high in fiber, which can help keep blood sugar levels stable.

#### Foods to Include

- Fruits and vegetables: Aim for a variety.
- Whole grains: Brown rice, barley and oats.
- Legumes: Beans, lentils and chickpeas.

### Sample Meal

- Breakfast: Smoothie with spinach, banana and almond milk.
- Lunch: Lentil soup with a side of whole-grain bread.
- **Dinner:** Stir-fried vegetables with quinoa.

#### **Choosing the Right Meal Plan**

Choosing the right meal plan is key for older adults with diabetes. The keto diet, Mediterranean diet, portion control, balanced plate method and plant-based diet are all good options. They can help with weight loss and

keep blood sugar levels stable. Always talk to a doctor or a dietitian before starting a new diet to make sure it's the best choice for you.					
Read on to learn about 5 of the worst sugary drinks for diabetics.					